## Mafts in Year 5

At Errington Primary School our aim is to work in partnership with you to enhance your child's progress and enjoyment of maths. This leaflet is an aid to help you to support your child to develop their understanding of the range of maths concepts and offer ideas of fun activities to engage and enhance your child's love of maths.


Many parents find the prospect of helping their children with maths quite daunting, even if they are good at it. Always try to remain positive about maths when supporting your child. Studies have shown those with a negative attitude towards maths go on to make less progress. Parents can make a huge difference with this. Speaking positively and making maths fun by playing math games will help your child have a positive attitude towards maths. This leaflet has been created to help parents support their child in maths.



Just like reading, it is important to practice maths at home to ensure children have a secure knowledge and understanding. Here are many sites that you can go on to help your child.

- https://www.topmarks.co.uk/
- https://whiterosemaths.com/ resources/1-minute-maths\#download
- https://www.mathsisfun.com
- https://ttrockstars.com/

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For more information or guidance in maths please check out the Calculation and Maths policy on the school website. For further support contact the maths lead: Miss T Edwards

Suppoorting your

"The only way to learn mathematics, is to do mathematics."

\#MathsEveryoneCan

## In Y5 we will leapn fo:

- Read and write numbers to $1,000,000$
- Add and subtract 6 -digit numbers.
- Compare and order fractions.
- Multiply and divide a 4-digit number by a 1 -digit number.
- Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers.
- Calculate the area of shapes.
- Write \% as fractions and as decimals.
- Measure and calculate angles.
- Convert between units of measure.



## Addition



1378 First, children add the ones, $8+8=$ $\begin{array}{lllll}2 & 1 & 4 & 8 & 16\end{array}$ 6 column and the remaining ten ones are exchanged for one ten and placed under the equals box in the tens column.
13778 Children then add the tens. 7 tens + 4 21448 tens + the 1 ten below the equals box $\frac{26}{26}$ which equals 12 tens. 2 tens are

11 placed in the tens column and the remaining 10 tens are exchanged for a 100 which is placed in the hundreds column below the equals box.

$\begin{array}{llll}1 & 3 & 7 & \text { Children then add the hundreds. } 300\end{array}$ | 2 | 1 | 4 | 8 | $+100+100$ (under the equals box) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 5 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{llll}3 & 5 & 2 & 6\end{array}$ which equals 5 hundreds. This is placed in the hundreds column. Finally children add the thousands, 1000 + 2000, which equals 3 thousands.

## Subtraction

4357

- 2735

1622


4357 First, children subtract the ones, 7 $27352=5$. The 5 is placed in the ones col2 umn.
$\begin{array}{llll}4 & 3 & 5 & 7\end{array}$ Then, children subtract the tens. 5
2735 tens subtract 3 tens equal 2 tens. The 222 is placed in the tens column.
${ }^{3} 4^{1} 3 \quad 5 \quad 7$ Children then subtract the hundreds.
2735 As we cannot takeaway 7 hundreds
622
6 out the 4 and change this to a 3 as we have taken a thousand to exchange. We now have 13 hundreds subtract 7 hundreds which equals 6 hun${ }^{3} 4^{1} 357$ dreds. The 6 goes in the hundred $\begin{array}{rl}2 & 735 \\ \text { column. Lastly, we subtract the thou- }\end{array}$ 1622 sands, $3000-2000=1000$. The 1
1 goes into the thousands column.

## Division


$856 \div 4=$. Children first find out how many groups of 4 go into 8 which is 2 . This is placed above the hundreds.

4 | 2 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8 | $5^{16} 6$ | Next, we find out how many groups of 4 go into 5 which is 1 with 1 ten left over. The one goes above the tens and the one left

 over goes next to the ones. Finally, we find out how many groups of 4 go into 16 ones which is 4 . This is placed above the ones column.


## Multiplication



First, children start by multiplying 326 by the ones. Children start with the ones. $6 \times 2=12$. The 2 goes in the ones column and then the 1 is put in the tens column. The children then multiply the 2 tens by 2 which equals 4 tens. As there is already a ten in this column, we add the 4 tens and 1 ten which equals 5 tens. Finally, we need to multiply the 3 hundreds by the 2 which equals 6 hundred This is placed in the hundreds column.


Next, we multiply 326 by the 30. We start by multiplying the ones, $6 \times 30=180$. The 0 is placed in the ones, the 8 in the tens and the 1 in the hun$+9{ }^{7} 80^{(326 \times 30)}$ dreds. Then, we multiply the tens, $20 \times 30=600$, as there is already a hundred in this column we add this to the 600 which equals 700 . The 7 is placed in the hundreds column. Then, we multiply the hundreds, $300 \times 30=9000$. The 9 is placed in the thousands column. Finally, we add both answers together, $652+9780$ using the addition column method to find the total answer.

## Pun Acturufies io de of hone

Times table Facts - Roll two dice and multiply. How quickly can you recall your times tables? Shopping - Get your child to work out the total cost of items you are buying. Can they tell you how much change you will get?
Measure and cook - Get your child to help with baking
Multiplication Ball - Choose a number to count in as you pass the ball.
Line it up - Draw two lines of different length. Get your child to measure them to the millimetre? Can they add them together/work out the difference?
Number Games- Use playing cards to make numbers to add/subtract.

